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This section summarizes data on households and persons participating in the Washington State Basic Food Program:

- 1. The federally-funded (FSP) and state-funded (FAP) Basic Food Program caseloads are broken out into three program types:
 - a. SSI all recipients who also received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or Social Security (SSA) benefits;
 - b. Public Assistance Food Stamps (PAFS) all recipients who received a cash assistance grant;
 - c. Non-Assistance Food Stamps (NAFS) an assistance unit that receives food assistance but does not receive a grant or SSI payment.
- 2. The state-funded Basic Food Program (FAP) is for individuals who meet federal income requirements, but not federal immigrant eligibility criteria.

Highlights:

- The average monthly Basic Food Program caseload increased 2.3% to 279,963 cases in SFY 2007 from 273,538 cases in SFY 2006. The average payment per case in SFY 2007 was \$181.18.
- The proportion of the state's population that received the Basic Food Program in SFY 2007 decreased to 8.4% compared to 8.5% in SFY 2006.
- A majority of cases (58.8%) in SFY 2007 received the Basic Food Program and did not receive cash assistance or SSI. The percent of cases in SFY 2007 that received other forms of public assistance averaged 20.8%, and those who received SSI averaged 20.4%.
- In SFY 2007, an average of 41,324 cases or 14.8% received the Basic Food Program through WASHCAP.
- Washington State's federal Food Stamp Program error rate qualified for a bonus as one of the most improved states in the nation. For FFY 2006, the official state-only error rate was 2.6%, fourth in the nation.
- Most Basic Food Program recipients in June 2007 were female (55.8%) and white (57.5%). More adults were never married (43.8%) than were married or separated. The median age of adults was 39 years.

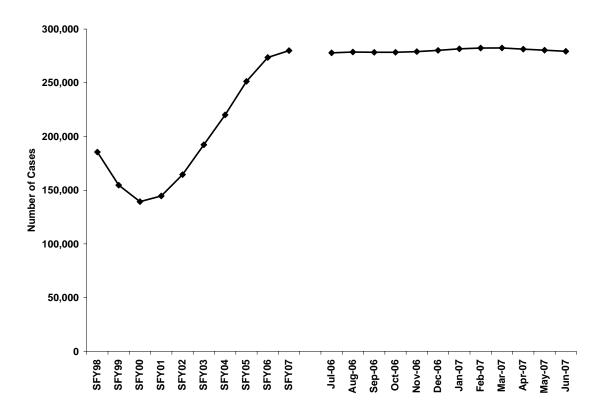
Selected Basic Food Program Characteristics SFY 2006 and SFY 2007

Source: ESA-ACES Data

	SFY 2006 (July 2005 – June 2006)	SFY 2007 (July 2006 – June 2007)
Average Number of Cases Per Month (Range)	273,538 (261,664 – 280,934)	279,963 (277,856 – 282,430)
Average Number of Persons Per Month (Range)	541,249 (521,544 – 554,093)	547,596 (543,629 – 552,915)
Average Number of Adults Per Month (Range)	314,914 (303,068 – 322,608)	318,945 (317,447 – 321,513)
Average Number of Children Per Month (Range)	226,335 (218,476 – 231,869)	228,651 (226,182 – 231,878)
Recipients as a Percent of State's Total Population	8.5%	8.4%
State Population ¹	6,375,600	6,488,000
Children as a Percent of Recipients	42.5%	41.8%
Average Persons Per Case	2.0	2.0
Average Children Per Case	0.8	0.8
Average Children Per Adult	0.7	0.7
Average Monthly Payment Per Case (Range) ²	\$178.72 (\$173.85 - \$181.71)	\$181.18 (\$178.80 - \$185.66)

¹ OFM, 2007 Population Trends for Washington State
² Payments are not adjusted for refunds.
Note: Numbers include both the federally-funded Basic Food Program (FSP) and the state-funded Food Assistance for Legal Immigrants Basic Food Program (FAP).

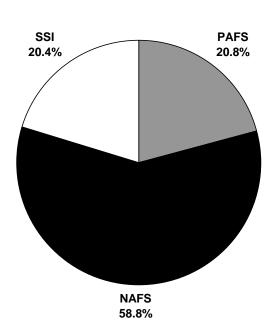




SFY 2007	Cases	Persons	Gross Expenditures	Avg. Payment Per Case
July	277,856	544,553	\$49,979,679	\$179.88
August	278,674	545,314	\$49,973,763	\$179.33
September	278,309	543,995	\$49,762,213	\$178.80
October	278,377	544,027	\$51,070,792	\$183.46
November	278,976	545,574	\$51,081,170	\$183.10
December	280,185	547,990	\$52,020,498	\$185.66
January	281,516	552,143	\$50,784,851	\$180.40
February	282,317	552,900	\$51,296,456	\$181.70
March	282,430	552,915	\$51,168,893	\$181.17
April	281,307	550,649	\$50,836,987	\$180.72
May	280,323	547,461	\$50,612,324	\$180.55
June	279,291	543,629	\$50,090,962	\$179.35
Mo. Avg	279,963	547,596	\$50,723,216	\$181.18

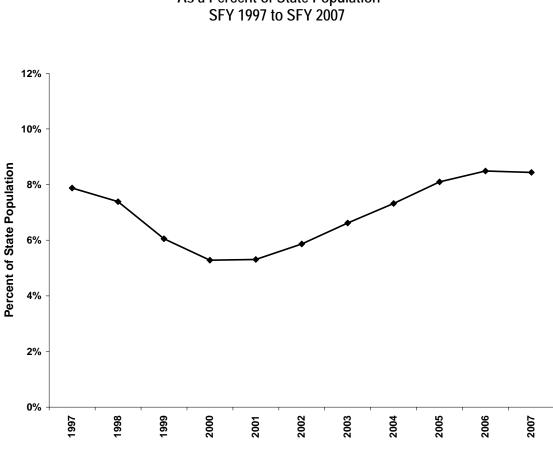
Note: Numbers include both the federally-funded Basic Food Program (FSP) and the state-funded Food Assistance for Legal Immigrants Basic Food Program(FAP).

Basic Food Program Caseload by Type, SFY 2007 Source: ESA-ACES Data



SFY 2007		Public As	Public Assistance Non-Public Assistance		SSI		
	Caseload	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
July	277,856	57,141	20.6%	164,627	59.2%	56,088	20.2%
August	278,674	57,228	20.5%	165,199	59.3%	56,247	20.2%
September	278,309	57,578	20.7%	164,279	59.0%	56,452	20.3%
October	278,377	57,217	20.6%	164,509	59.1%	56,651	20.4%
November	278,976	57,356	20.6%	164,666	59.0%	56,954	20.4%
December	280,185	60,476	21.6%	162,900	58.1%	56,809	20.3%
January	281,516	59,124	21.0%	164,965	58.6%	57,427	20.4%
February	282,317	59,690	21.1%	165,125	58.5%	57,502	20.4%
March	282,430	59,291	21.0%	165,721	58.7%	57,418	20.3%
April	281,307	59,046	21.0%	164,826	58.6%	57,435	20.4%
May	280,323	58,098	20.7%	164,807	58.8%	57,418	20.5%
June	279,291	57,285	20.5%	164,346	58.8%	57,660	20.6%
Average	279,963	58,294	20.8%	164,664	58.8%	57,005	20.4%

Note: NAFS stands for Non-Assistance Food Stamps, PAFS stands for Public Assistance Food Stamps, SSI stands for Supplemental Security Income. Numbers include both the federally-funded Basic Food Program (FSP) and the state-funded Food Assistance for Legal Immigrants Basic Food Program (FAP).



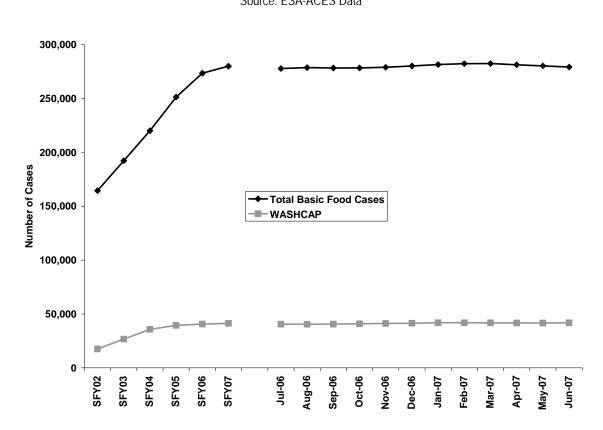


State Fiscal Year	Average Monthly Participating Persons	Statewide Population ¹	Percent of State Population
1997	441.666	5,606,800	7.9%
1998	419,944	5,685,300	7.4%
1999	348,536	5,757,400	6.1%
2000	311,266	5,894,121	5.3%
2001	317,231	5,974,900	5.3%
2002	354,423	6,041,700	5.9%
2003	403,525	6,098,300	6.6%
2004	451,509	6,167,800	7.3%
2005	506,759	6,256,400	8.1%
2006	541,249	6,375,600	8.5%
2007	547,596	6,488,000	8.4%

Source: SFY1988 – SFY1997, Blue Books. SFY1998 Forward: Cases, Persons, and Expenditures Report from the ACES Data Warehouse

¹ Source: OFM 2007 Population Trends.

Note: Numbers include both the federally-funded Basic Food Program (FSP) and the state-funded Food Assistance for Legal Immigrants Basic Food Program (FAP).



Basic Food Program Caseload Receiving Assistance Through WASHCAP SFY 2002 through SFY 2007 Source: ESA-ACES Data

SFY 2007	Total Basic Food Program Caseload	Cases Receiving WASHCAP	Percent Receiving WASHCAP	WASHCAP Expenditures	WASHCAP Expenditures Per Case
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July	277,856	40,531	14.6%	\$2,922,195	\$72.10
August	278,674	40,504	14.5%	\$2,920,403	\$72.10
September	278,309	40,550	14.6%	\$2,929,250	\$72.24
October	278,377	40,938	14.7%	\$3,138,683	\$76.67
November	278,976	41,207	14.8%	\$3,185,729	\$77.31
December	280,185	41,414	14.8%	\$3,168,496	\$76.51
January	281,516	41,849	14.9%	\$2,850,431	\$68.11
February	282,317	41,902	14.8%	\$2,860,107	\$68.26
March	282,430	41,824	14.8%	\$2,871,782	\$68.66
April	281,307	41,689	14.8%	\$2,838,886	\$68.10
Мау	280,323	41,591	14.8%	\$2,849,795	\$68.52
June	279,291	41,883	15.0%	\$2,856,569	\$68.20
Mo. Average	279,963	41,324	14.8%	\$2,949,361	\$71.37

Note: In January 2005, the standard utility expense was changed from the maximum heating standard utility allowance to the lesser limited utility allowance resulting in benefit decreases. WASHCAP Cases consist of strictly one client, therefore number of WASHCAP clients is equal to number of WASHCAP cases

Basic Food Program Caseload Receiving FSP and FAP SFY 2007 Source: ESA-ACES Data

SFY 2007		FSP ONLY		BOTH FSI	BOTH FSP & FAP		NLY
	Caseload	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
July	277,856	274,762	98.9%	2,244	0.8%	850	0.3%
August	278,674	275,577	98.9%	2,252	0.8%	845	0.3%
September	278,309	275,220	98.9%	2,237	0.8%	852	0.3%
October	278,377	275,285	98.9%	2,251	0.8%	841	0.3%
November	278,976	275,658	98.8%	2,469	0.9%	849	0.3%
December	280,185	276,546	98.7%	2,731	1.0%	908	0.3%
January	281,516	277,817	98.7%	2,818	1.0%	881	0.3%
February	282,317	278,586	98.7%	2,841	1.0%	890	0.3%
March	282,430	278,594	98.6%	2,886	1.0%	950	0.3%
April	281,307	277,454	98.6%	2,874	1.0%	979	0.3%
May	280,323	276,543	98.7%	2,804	1.0%	976	0.3%
June	279,291	275,589	98.7%	2,715	1.0%	987	0.4%
Mo. Avg	279,963	276,469	98.8%	2,594	0.9%	901	0.3%

SFY 2007	FAP Caseload	State Expenditures on FAP Cases	Avg. State Expenditures Per Case
July	3,094	\$358,428.48	\$115.85
August	3,097	\$355,775.73	\$114.88
September	3,089	\$355,333.22	\$115.03
October	3,092	\$360,590.08	\$116.62
November	3,318	\$377,003.49	\$113.62
December	3,639	\$410,526.63	\$112.81
January	3,699	\$417,420.48	\$112.85
February	3,731	\$426,125.59	\$114.21
March	3,836	\$435,894.10	\$113.63
April	3,853	\$443,385.53	\$115.08
May	3,780	\$438,895.66	\$116.11
June	3,702	\$433,104.00	\$116.99
Mo. Avg	3,494	\$401,040.25	\$114.78

Note: FSP is the Federal Food Stamp Program; FAP the Food Assistance Program is Washington State's Basic Food program for legal immigrants. Some households have a member receiving federal food assistance and a member receiving food assistance through the state; these cases are considered mixed FSP and FAP cases and are rolled into the combined FAP caseload number. In April 2003, the majority of FAP recipients were switched from state to federally funded benefits under a provision of the Farm Bill.

Basic Food Program Caseload by Region and CSO June 2007

Source: ESA-ACES Data

	Number of Cases	Percent of Statewide Caseload	Number of Clients	Percent of Statewide Clients
Region 1				
Clarkston	1,401	0.5%	3,036	0.6%
Colfax Branch Office	997	0.4%	2,165	0.4%
Mattawa	369	0.1%	935	0.2%
Moses Lake	4,036	1.4%	9,784	1.8%
Newport	702	0.3%	1,567	0.3%
Okanogan	2,497	0.9%	5,351	1.0%
Othello	1,207	0.4%	3,027	0.6%
Republic	738	0.3%	1,860	0.3%
Spokane North	9,219	3.3%	21,557	4.0%
Spokane Southwest	6,081	2.2%	10,518	1.9%
Spokane Valley	6,767	2.4%	15,201	2.8%
Tri County – Colville	2,164	0.8%	5,163	0.9%
Wenatchee	4,389	1.6%	9,254	1.7%
Region 1 Call Center	379	0.1%	420	0.1%
Region 1 Total	40,946	14.7%	89,838	16.5%
Region 2				
Ellensburg	1,184	0.4%	2,477	0.5%
Kennewick	9,824	3.5%	23,927	4.4%
Pasco Call Center	22	0.0%	45	0.0%
Sunnyside	3,556	1.3%	9,917	1.8%
Walla Walla	2,639	0.9%	5,818	1.1%
Wapato	3,805	1.4%	9,952	1.8%
Yakima	9,868	3.5%	21,979	4.0%
Region 2 Call Center	52	0.0%	135	0.0%
Region 2 Total	30,950	11.1%	74,250	13.7%
Region 3				
Alderwood	4,246	1.5%	8,709	1.6%
Bellingham	7,605	2.7%	15,174	2.8%
Everett	6,975	2.5%	14,896	2.7%
Friday Harbor	93	0.0%	195	0.0%
Mt. Vernon	4,937	1.8%	10,422	1.9%
Oak Harbor	1,279	0.5%	2,608	0.5%
Skykomish Valley	1,901	0.7%	3,577	0.7%
Smokey Point	3,927	1.4%	8,348	1.5%
Region 3 Total	30,963	11.1%	63,929	11.8%

Basic Food Program Caseload by Region and CSO (continued) June 2007

Source: ESA-ACES Data

	Number of Cases	Percent of Statewide Caseload	Number of Clients	Percent of Statewide Clients
Region 4				
Auburn	827	0.3%	2,349	0.4%
Belltown	5,136	1.8%	6,126	1.1%
Capitol Hill	4,049	1.4%	6,334	1.2%
Federal Way	6,598	2.4%	14,946	2.7%
King Eastside	3,623	1.3%	7,281	1.3%
King North	5,513	2.0%	9,529	1.8%
King South	4,997	1.8%	12,005	2.2%
Rainier	3,791	1.4%	9,139	1.7%
Renton	4,226	1.5%	9,222	1.7%
White Center	7,494	2.7%	15,944	2.9%
Region 4 Call Center	82	0.0%	194	0.0%
Region 4 Total	46,336	16.6%	93,069	17.1%
Region 5				
Bremerton	6,642	2.4%	13,713	2.5%
Lakewood	7,331	2.6%	16,604	3.1%
Northwest WorkFirst	6,930	2.5%	13,637	2.5%
Pierce South	7,282	2.6%	16,242	3.0%
Puyallup	5,090	1.8%	11,073	2.0%
Region 5 Total	33,275	11.9%	71,269	13.1%
Region 6				
Aberdeen	4,144	1.5%	8,323	1.5%
Chehalis	4,597	1.6%	9,728	1.8%
Columbia River	14,851	5.3%	33,513	6.2%
Forks	643	0.2%	1,407	0.3%
Goldendale	635	0.2%	1,425	0.3%
Kelso	6,362	2.3%	13,258	2.4%
Long Beach	649	0.2%	1,190	0.2%
Neah Bay	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Olympia	7,808	2.8%	15,845	2.9%
Port Angeles	2,505	0.9%	4,824	0.9%
Port Townsend	1,114	0.4%	2,033	0.4%
Shelton	2,472	0.9%	5,132	0.9%
South Bend	526	0.2%	1,152	0.2%
Stevenson	391	0.1%	850	0.2%
White Salmon	513	0.2%	1,090	0.2%
Region 6 Call Center	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Region 6 Total – Without WASHCAP	47,210	16.9%	99,770	18.4%
WASHCAP	34,864	12.5%	34,866	6.4%
Region 6 Total – With WASHCAP	82,074	29.4%	134,636	24.8%
State Total	279,291	100.0%	543,629	100.0%

Note: The WASHCAP office is part of Region 6 but includes cases from around the state who receive assistance from this office.

Basic Food Program Caseload by Home Community Service Office (HCS) June 2007

Source: ESA-ACES Data

	Number of Cases	Percent of Statewide Caseload	Number of Clients	Percent of Statewide Clients
HCS Offices				
Aberdeen	310	0.1%	326	0.1%
Alderwood	360	0.1%	433	0.1%
Bellingham	358	0.1%	401	0.1%
Bremerton	433	0.2%	457	0.1%
Chehalis	200	0.1%	211	0.0%
Clarkston	89	0.0%	91	0.0%
Colville	295	0.1%	321	0.1%
Ellensburg	55	0.0%	58	0.0%
Everett	696	0.2%	823	0.2%
Holgate	4,203	1.5%	4,852	0.9%
Kelso	311	0.1%	339	0.1%
Moses Lake	314	0.1%	357	0.1%
Mt. Vernon	201	0.1%	228	0.0%
Oak Harbor	81	0.0%	85	0.0%
Okanogan	178	0.1%	199	0.0%
Pacific	88	0.0%	98	0.0%
Pasco	483	0.2%	562	0.1%
Port Angeles	172	0.1%	176	0.0%
Skykomish	181	0.1%	190	0.0%
Smokey Point	212	0.1%	227	0.0%
Spokane	1,497	0.5%	1,671	0.3%
Sunnyside	83	0.0%	92	0.0%
Tacoma	1,628	0.6%	1,818	0.3%
Toppenish-Wapato	66	0.0%	72	0.0%
Tumwater	518	0.2%	556	0.1%
Vancouver	927	0.3%	1,099	0.2%
Walla Walla	230	0.1%	250	0.0%
Wenatchee	184	0.1%	198	0.0%
Yakima-Ellensburg	361	0.1%	381	0.1%
HCS Office Total	14,714	5.3%	16,571	3.0%
Medical Eligibility Service	33	0.0%	67	0.0%
State Total	279,291	100.0%	543,629	100.0%

Note: A number of Basic Food Program cases receive services through a Home Community Service Center (HCS) administered through the Aging and Adult Services Administration. These cases are listed separately since they are not part of an Economic Services Administration Division of Employment and Assistance Programs (DEAP) Community Service Office (CSO).

Basic Food Program Caseload by County of Residence June 2007

Source: ESA-ACES Data

	Number of Cases	Percent of Statewide Caseload	Number of Clients	Percent of Statewide Clients
Adams	1,188	0.4%	2,874	0.5%
Asotin	1,581	0.6%	3,171	0.6%
Benton	7,567	2.7%	16,715	3.1%
Chelan	3,960	1.4%	7,598	1.4%
Clallam	3,802	1.4%	6,864	1.3%
Clark	17,314	6.2%	36,152	6.7%
Columbia	210	0.1%	384	0.1%
Cowlitz	7,458	2.7%	14,238	2.6%
Douglas	1,224	0.4%	2,640	0.5%
Ferry	648	0.2%	1,293	0.2%
Franklin	3,846	1.4%	9,463	1.7%
Garfield	78	0.0%	139	0.0%
Grant	5,272	1.9%	11,837	2.2%
Grays Harbor	5,406	1.9%	9,747	1.8%
Island	1,745	0.6%	3,236	0.6%
Jefferson	1,336	0.5%	2,256	0.4%
King	60,420	21.6%	107,848	19.8%
Kitsap	8,359	3.0%	15,458	2.8%
Kittitas	1,336	0.5%	2,627	0.5%
Klickitat	1,339	0.5%	2,696	0.5%
Lewis	5,279	1.9%	10,326	1.9%
Lincoln	296	0.1%	631	0.1%
Mason	2,967	1.1%	5,634	1.0%
Okanogan	3,112	1.1%	6,180	1.1%
Pacific	1,401	0.5%	2,549	0.5%
Pend Oreille	933	0.3%	1,780	0.3%
Pierce	32,509	11.6%	63,562	11.7%
San Juan	219	0.1%	355	0.1%
Skagit	5,584	2.0%	10,920	2.0%
Skamania	438	0.2%	872	0.2%
Snohomish	21,206	7.6%	39,889	7.3%
Spokane	26,785	9.6%	51,995	9.6%
Stevens	2,644	0.9%	5,626	1.0%
Thurston	9,457	3.4%	17,595	3.2%
Wahkiakum	157	0.1%	309	0.1%
Walla Walla	2,981	1.1%	6,115	1.1%
Whatcom	9,099	3.3%	16,683	3.1%
Whitman	1,154	0.4%	2,340	0.4%
Yakima	18,981	6.8%	43,032	7.9%
State Total	279,291	100.0%	543,629	100.0%

Basic Food Program Error Rate Federal Fiscal Year October through September FFY 1994 to FFY 2006

Source: ESA – Operations Support, Office of Quality Assurance

Federal Fiscal Year	State Finding	Official State Error Rate	Lower Bound	Tolerance ¹	Difference ²
1994	8.9	9.7		10.3	0.6
1995	8.3	8.5		9.7	1.2
1996	10.4	11.3		9.2	-2.1
1997	14.0	14.6		9.8	-4.8
1998	14.1	15.6		10.7	-4.9
1999	7.6	8.6		9.9	1.3
2000	7.2	8.2		8.9	0.7
2001	8.1	8.5		8.7	0.2
2002	7.8	8.2		8.3	0.1
2003	6.2	6.3	5.0	7.0	2.0
2004	7.6	7.6	6.4	6.2	-0.2
2005	2.9	2.7	1.9	6.1	4.2
2006	2.5	2.6	1.7	6.3	4.6

Note: Official data is made available nine months after the end of the previous Federal Fiscal Year. Therefore, 2007 data is not yet available.

¹ The tolerance level is a federally determined threshold which States may be sanctioned for exceeding. Prior to 2003, the tolerance_level was set at the national average. Beginning in 2003, the tolerance level became 105 percent of the national average. (See "Information about the Basic Food Program Error Rate", below, for a more complete explanation.)

² The difference is calculated by subtracting the lower boundary of the Official State Error Rate from the federally determined tolerance level. If a number is positive, it means that the lower boundary is below the tolerance level and is not subject to sanction status. If the number is negative, it means that the lower boundary is above the tolerance level and the state is subject to sanction status.

Information about the Basic Food Program Error Rate:

Each month, a number of Basic Food cases are randomly selected for federal quality control review. The findings on all cases are reported monthly to the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), part of the US Department of Agriculture, which administers the Food Stamp Program. After 12 months of reviews are reported, the data collected is considered statistically valid. These findings, along with a regression rate (based on federal differences and the number of completions) determined by FNS, comprise the state's official error rate. The error rates of all states are used to determine the national average payment error rate.

The state's payment error rate is compared to the national average payment error rate to determine if the state is in sanction status or is eligible for bonus monies. States may be awarded bonus monies as either one of the best in the nation or one of the most improved. However, a state will be in sanction status if it exceeds the federal tolerance level for at least 2 consecutive years.

Determining sanctions is a two-step process. First, the lower boundary of the state's error rate at 95% confidence interval is determined and compared to 105% of the national payment error rate. (Example: An error rate of 8.5% may have a tolerance level of +/- .5%. This means that there is a 95% chance that the error rate falls between 8% and 9%. The lower boundary of 8% is compared to 105% of the federal rate. If the federal error rate is 7.75%, the rate used would be 7.75 x 1.05, or 8.1375%. In this example, the state's lower boundary error rate of 8% is less than 105% of the federal error rate, or 8.1375%, so there is no sanction.) If the state's lower boundary is above the adjusted federal rate, then the second step, determining the sanction amount, is computed. To compute this, determine the difference between the state's error rate and 6%. (This figure of 6% is constant.) Multiply that difference by the value of all allotments issued during the federal fiscal year, and multiply this by 10%. That is the amount of the potential sanction for one year.

It is up to the USDA Secretary to determine if all or most of a sanction amount will be waived. If not waived, the Secretary can determine how much of that amount will be used for reinvesting in payment accuracy activities and how much will be "at risk", or eligible to be repaid to FNS if the state is in sanction for a second consecutive year.

Basic Food Program Client Demographics June 2007 Source: ESA-ACES Data

	All Cli	ents	All Adults		All Children	
Characteristic	(543,629)	Percent	(317,447)	Percent	(226,182)	Percent
	• • •					
Gender						
Female	303,522	55.8%	191,591	60.4%	111,931	49.5%
Male	240,058	44.2%	125,827	39.6%	114,231	50.5%
Unknown	49	0.0%	29	0.0%	20	0.0%
Race						
White	312,763	57.5%	206,839	65.2%	105,924	46.8%
Hispanic	84,167	15.5%	30,215	9.5%	53,952	23.9%
Black	46,430	8.5%	26,928	8.5%	19,502	8.6%
Asian/Pacific Islander	24,870	4.6%	17,311	5.5%	7,559	3.3%
Native American	21,137	3.9%	13,688	4.3%	7,449	3.3%
Unknown	54,262	10.0%	22,466	7.1%	31,796	14.1%
Marital Status (Adults O						_
Separated	32,145	10.1%	32,145	10.1%	0	0.0%
Married	63,794	20.1%	63,794	20.1%	0	0.0%
Never Married	138,997	43.8%	138,997	43.8%	0	0.0%
Divorced	64,808	20.4%	64,808	20.4%	0	0.0%
Widowed	15,060	4.7%	15,060	4.7%	0	0.0%
Unknown	2,643	0.8%	2,643	0.8%	0	0.0%
Citizenship						
U.S. Citizen	500,261	92.0%	283,233	89.2%	217,028	96.0%
Resident Alien	42,401	7.8%	33,522	10.6%	8,879	3.9%
U.S. National	967	0.2%	692	0.2%	275	0.1%
0.0. National	507	0.270	002	0.270	210	0.170
Age						
< 1 Year Old	17,674	3.3%	0	0.0%	17,674	7.8%
1 – 5 Years Old	76,909	14.1%	0	0.0%	76,909	34.0%
6 – 10 Years Old	62,999	11.6%	0	0.0%	62,999	27.9%
11 – 15 Years Old	50,658	9.3%	0	0.0%	50,658	22.4%
16 – 17 Years Old	17,942	3.3%	0	0.0%	17,942	7.9%
18 – 20 Years Old	21,564	4.0%	21,564	6.8%	0	0.0%
21 – 29 Years Old	72,705	13.4%	72,705	22.9%	0	0.0%
30 – 39 Years Old	66,365	12.2%	66,365	20.9%	0	0.0%
40 – 49 Years Old	63,722	11.7%	63,722	20.1%	0	0.0%
50 – 55 Years Old	30,443	5.6%	30,443	9.6%	0	0.0%
56 – 59 Years Old	14,837	2.7%	14,837	4.7%	0	0.0%
60 – 64 Years Old	13,599	2.5%	13,599	4.3%	0	0.0%
65+ Years Old	34,212	6.3%	34,212	10.8%	0	0.0%
	·		·			
Mean Age of Children	7.9 Years Old		N/A		7.9 Years Old	
Median Age of Children	7.0 Yea		N/A		7.0 Year	
moduli rigo di dillurdi	7.0 100			,	7.0 1001	5 010
Mean Age of Adults	41.9 Yea	irs Old	41.9 Yea	rs Old	N/A	١
Median Age of Adults	39.0 Yea		39.0 Yea		N/A	

Basic Food Program WASHCAP Client Demographics June 2007

Source: ESA-ACES Data

	All Clients				
Characteristic	Number	Percent			
TOTAL	41,883	100%			
Gender					
Female	24,876	59.4%			
Male	17,003	40.6%			
Unknown	4	0.0%			
Race					
White	28,535	68.1%			
Hispanic	1,928	4.6%			
Black	3,305	7.9%			
Asian/Pacific Islander	3,975	9.5%			
Native American	1,504	3.6%			
Unknown	2,636	6.3%			
Marital Status (Adults Only)					
Separated	5,288	12.6%			
Married	168	0.4%			
Never Married	18,605	44.4%			
Divorced	11,430	27.3%			
Widowed	5,223	12.5%			
Unknown	1,169	2.8%			
Citizenship					
U.S. Citizen	36,925	88.2%			
Resident Alien	4,848	11.6%			
U.S. National	110	0.3%			
Age					
< 1 Year Old	0	0.0%			
1 – 5 Years Old	0	0.0%			
6 – 10 Years Old	0	0.0%			
11 – 15 Years Old	0	0.0%			
16 – 17 Years Old	0	0.0%			
18 – 20 Years Old	417	1.0%			
21 – 29 Years Old	3,635	8.7%			
30 – 39 Years Old	4,230	10.1%			
40 – 49 Years Old	8,110	19.4%			
50 – 55 Years Old	6,430	15.4%			
56 – 59 Years Old	4,135	9.9%			
60 – 64 Years Old	4,002	9.6%			
65+ Years Old	10,924	26.1%			
Mean Age of Clients	54.3 Year				
Median Age of Clients 54.0 Years Old					
Note: Numbers include both the federally-funded Basic Food Program (FSP) and the state-funded Food Assistance for Legal Immigrants Basic Food					
Program (FAP).	a. minigranio basi				

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