

PROVIDER / FACILITY NAME	LICENSE NUMBER	CD NUMBER
INVESTIGATOR NAME	ENTRANCE DATE	EXIT DATE

CCRSS Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) Complaint Investigation Pathway

RCS staff will use the IPC Pathway or tool to Investigate IPC related complaints. You are required to submit the Pathway or tool with your working papers. Assess elements through a combination of observations, interviews, and record review throughout the visit.

Check Yes, No, or N/A. If "No" is checked, document findings in the notes section and/or on the IPC Assessment notes form <u>00-413A</u>. N/A indicates the item was not observed or reviewed or was not relevant to the investigation.

Interview Questions. Write response to corresponding letter and number. Write out (ask) additional questions as needed.

For Supported Living client homes, this pathway refers to how the service provider complies with IPC guidelines.

- **Staff:** The Long-Term Care Worker (LTCW) is required to follow standard IPC guidance for healthcare Personnel (HCP). Form example, use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when caring for a client with COVID-19.
- Clients: The service provider should be educating and encouraging clients to follow IPC recommended practices to prevent and recognize infection.
- General: The provider is required to ensure everyone is aware of recommended IPC practices

Offsit	e Prep	aration	
	•		National and State IPC standards, rules: utions Transmission Based Precautions (TBP) Notifiable Conditions Respiratory Protection Program (RPP)
Communicable disease outbreak: Mode of transmission (check all that apply): PPE F Yes No Unknown N/A Contact Airborne Unknown No		le dise	ase outbreak: Mode of transmission (check all that apply): PPE Plan for the visit (check all that apply): Unknown N/A Contact Airborne Unknown None needed Source control Use facility PPE
Yes	No	N/A	Focused Client and Staff Observations of practices in use to contain / control spread of infection / communicable disease
			Client(s) general appearance and potential infection sources: skin lesions, hygiene issues, catheters, respiratory equipment, coughing, influenza, foodborne illness
			 Supplies: Use and Availability Necessary supplies such as masks, gowns, gloves, tissues, and waste receptacles. Proper hand washing or sanitizer use and availability. PPE usage – proper don, doff, and disposal. Medical and kitchen glove use; handling / bagging of soiled items.
			Implement Transmission Based Precautions (TBP) for confirmed or suspected cases. 1. Process to alert staff, clients, visitors of what to do to prevent the spread of infection.



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			Staff / visitors follow Infection Control precautions.			
			3. Roommate(s) present or moved temporarily?			
			a. Cohort?			
			b. Designated care staff for ill clients?			
			4. Hand washing, disposal of infectious items and waste.			
			5. Dietary precautions for clients ill with communicable disease suc	h as		
			paper plates, plastic utensils.			
			6. Ill clients advised on leaving their rooms or apartments with infection	ction		
			contained (masks, wound covered, no drainage leaking)?			
			7. Clients advised to not participate in group activities or meals unt	il TBP		
			have been discontinued.			
			Cleaning and disinfecting care equipment and environment (tech	nique,		
			timing, and product use)			
	Ш	Ш	Safe laundry and textile handling			
			Soiled laundry contained before transport			
			2. Staff do not hold soiled laundry against torso or clothing			
Ш	Ш	Ш	Food / fluids			
			1. Unsafe / unsanitary practices – unrefrigerated / left uncovered?			
			2. Fluids offered / provider to ill s?			
			NOTE: For concerns about safe food handling, follow program spe	CITIC		
			food preparation or kitchen inspection protocols.			
	Ш	Ш	Ventilation			
	Appropriate use of fans, open windows, and distance to mitigate spread of					
	_		viruses and bacteria			
Interv	/iew					
Provi	der Inte	erview			Notes	
A. As	sk the p	rovide	r about outbreak management:			
1.	Which	clients	are affected?			
2.	2. Has anyone else been with sick the same symptoms?					
	When?					
_			source of infection / outbreak?			
4.	4. What are you doing / have you done to prevent the spread of the communicable disease /			sease /		
_	foodborne illness?					
		-	ou notified? When?			
6.	_		d outbreak and cases?			
	a. Rep	orted o	outbreak and cases to LHJ			

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Transforming lives			

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- b. Reported outbreak to Complaint Resolution Unit
- c. Communicated information about known or suspected disease before transport?
- 7. Have the involved clients improved? How do you know?

B. Ask the provider to describe infection prevention and control training for staff and clients. Does training include:

- 1. Standard precautions including hand hygiene, use of PPE, respiratory hygiene / cough etiquette, isolation, cleaning, and disinfecting care.
- 2. Transmission-based precautions, when and how to use and dispose of PPE.
- 3. Equipment and environment, safe handling of laundry and cleaning / disinfecting.
- 4. Sick leave policies and importance of not reporting or remaining at work when ill. Return to work 24 hours after fever resolved.

C. Ask the provider how they know or ensure:

- 1. Staff are following training.
- 2. Supplies are readily available and accessible for clients, staff, and visitors.
 - a. EPA registered disinfectants for frequent cleaning of high-touch surfaces, shared client care equipment / areas, and after visitation.
 - b. Alcohol-based hand rub and appropriate hand hygiene products available for clients, staff, and visitors.
 - c. Tissues and waste receptacles for respiratory etiquette.

1. Have you been sick (had an infection, fever, chills, severe nausea, diarrhea, other symptoms)? 2. How long were you ill and what were your symptoms? 3. Was anyone else in the facility sick (other clients, staff)?

- 4. What did the facility do to help you?
- 5. Do staff wear gloves? When?

6. Do you have concerns about how housekeeping services are done / sanitary practices etc.?	
Staff Interview	Notes
1. Which clients have been sick (had an infection, fever, chills, severe nausea, diarrhea, other symptoms)?	
2. What do you do to prevent the spread of infection from one person to another?	
a. What do you do with the soiled linen, trash, used the sick client's room?	
b. How do you know what to do?	
3. Do you have enough PPE (gloves, gowns, masks)?	
4. What do you do if you personally or other staff are ill or have an infection?	



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a. Follows return to work guidance (at least 24 hours after resolution of fever or as recommended).

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Record Review – Prevention, Testing, Surveillance and Treatment

- 1. Illness / symptoms promptly identified and timely facility / primary health care provider responses?
- 2. Outbreak testing done?
 - a. How many clients / staff involved in outbreak?
 - b. Did investigation identify the source of illness?
- 3. Treatment or exposure prophylaxis administered as recommended or directed?
- 4. Ill client(s) status monitored, surveillance of clients and staff?
- 5. Follows LHJ guidance for testing and tracking?
 - a. Daily symptom surveillance for clients and staff?
- 6. Notification of representatives, staff, visitors, LHJ?
- 7. Clients vaccinated?
 - a. Offers vaccines to all clients.
 - b. Coordinates care so that clients receive vaccine?

Written Infection Control policies or specific procedures to prevent the spread of infection

- 1. Standard Precautions
- 2. Transmission-based precautions.
- 3. Reference to National, state and/or local standards?
- 4. Outbreak management.
- 5. Sick leave policies that are non-unitive, flexible, and allow ill staff to stay home.
 - a. Includes return to work guidance (at least 24 hours after resolution of fever or as recommended).

Record Reviews

Standard Precautions	The minimum infection prevention practices that apply to all patient care, regardless of suspected or confirmed infection status of the patient, in any setting where health care is delivered.
Transmission Based Precautions (TBP)	The second tier of basic infection control used in addition to Standard Precautions for which additional precautions are needed to prevent infection transmission.
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	Gowns, gloves, eye protection, masks, respirators – any equipment worn to minimize exposure to hazards and prevent or contain the spread of infection.
Local Health Jurisdiction (LHJ)	The local health agency, either county or multicounty, operated by local government, with oversight and direction from a local board of health, that provides public health services throughout a defined geographic area.



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Alcohol Based Hand Rub (ABHR)	Alcohol-based hand shands.	Alcohol-based hand sanitizers (or rub) are the most effective products for reducing the number of hands.			s on the)	
Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)	Federal agency response	onsible for setting stan	dards for disinfectant products.				
Resource Links							
Washington State Local Health Departmen	its and Districts	Norovirus Referen	ces				
ALTSA Provider / Administrator Letters		Centers for Disease	Control and Prevention - Norovirus				
Outbreak Definitions		DOH - Norovirus res	DOH - Norovirus resource site				
COVID-19 (cste.org)		DOH Norovirus Outbreak Management Toolkit Checklist: noro-toolkit-outbreak-control-checklist-for-facilities-HC-&-LTC.pdf (uw.edu)					
• Flu Outbreak Definition (DOH)		Checklist: noro-toolkit-outbreak-control-checklist-for-facilities-HC-&-LTC.pdf (uw.edu)					
Fili Outbreak Delimition (DOH)		Flu (Influenza) Reference					
		DOH Influenza Outh	oreak in Long Term Care Facilities <u>Frequently Asked</u>	Questic	<u>ons</u>		
Compliance Decision							
IPC Regulatory Requirement : There may plans, medication management. Use the r			ch as notification, updating assessments and care prevention and control practice.	N/A	Met	Not Met	
WAC 388-101D-0170 Physical and safety requirements are met for each client unles (Staff followed infection prevention and con	s otherwise specified in	n the client's individual	support plan: (a) A safe and healthy environment;				
WAC 388-101D-0145 Client services. Service providers must provide each client instruction and/or support to the degree the individual support plan identifies the service provider as responsible. Instruction and/or support to the client may include but are not limited to the following categories: (4) Health and safety activities (staff provided clients instruction and support to prevent the spread of infection).							
	n Respiratory Protection) Other relevant federal, state and local laws, s for training, medical clearance approval and fit				