CODE REVISER USE ONLY

STATE CONSCIENCE

# RULE-MAKING ORDER EMERGENCY RULE ONLY

# CR-103E (December 2017) (Implements RCW 34.05.350 and 34.05.360)

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER								
STATE OF WASHINGTON								
FILED								

DATE: February 16, 2021 TIME: 10:16 AM

WSR 21-05-059

Agency: Department of Social and Health Services, Aging and Long-Term Support Administration

## Effective date of rule:

### Emergency Rules

□ Immediately upon filing.

□ Later (specify) <u>February 18, 2021</u>

Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule?  $\Box$  Yes  $\boxtimes$  No If Yes, explain:

**Purpose:** The department is extending the amendment of the rules listed below to assure nursing homes are not significantly impeded from admitting and caring for residents during the COVID-19 outbreak. These amendments will align state nursing home rules with federal rules that were suspended or amended to help facilitate care during the COVID-19 pandemic. 1) The federal rules related to quality assurance activities were amended to narrow the scope of the quality assurance program to reviewing and taking action on adverse events and infection control. Current state rules require the nursing facility to identify issues that may adversely affect residents, including resident input from grievances. The state amendment continues to require quality assurance activities, but mandatory review in quality assurance would be limited to adverse events and infection control.

2) The federal rules suspended fire drills to reduce grouping of staff and residents that might increase the likelihood of transmitting COVID-19. Current state rules require periodic fire drills. The state amendment removes the requirement to have fire drills, but continues to require staff training on the fire plan.

3) The federal rules requiring a window in each resident room were waived to permit use of space not normally used for resident care to be utilized as a resident room. Current state rules require each resident room have a transparent glass window located on an exterior wall, with additional size and location requirements for new construction. The state amendment removes the requirement to have a window in each resident room.

The department filed a CR-101 Preproposal Statement of Inquiry as WSR 20-21-034 on October 12, 2020 to begin the permanent rulemaking process. In addition, under the rule development phase of permanent rule making, the department is in discussions with stakeholders about amending the rules to explain the circumstances and time periods under which suspension of rules due to COVID is necessary.

### Citation of rules affected by this order:

	New:	None
	Repealed:	None
	Amended:	WAC 388-97-1740, WAC 388-97-1760, WAC 388-97-2400
	Suspended:	None
-		

Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 74.42.620, WAC 18.51.070

### Other authority: None

#### EMERGENCY RULE

Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:

- That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.
- That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.

**Reasons for this finding:** The threat of COVID-19 to our most vulnerable populations is significant, especially for those receiving long-term care services in their homes and congregate settings, such as long-term care facilities. Fire Drills (WAC 388-97-1740):

Recent federal waivers suspended the requirement for nursing facilities to conduct fire drills. The majority of the rules around fire drills are in the federal Life Safety Code, and under the jurisdiction of the Office of the State Fire Marshal. Nursing home rules also contain language requiring periodic drills. Amendment of WAC 388-97-1740 will remove the requirement for conducting periodic fire drills, but does not remove the requirement to have an emergency plan that includes fire procedures and staff training on that plan.

#### Quality Assessment and Assurance (WAC 388-97-1760):

Current nursing home rules require facilities to maintain a process for quality assurance that seeks out and incorporates input from resident and family groups, and individual residents. The rule also requires review of grievances and expressed concerns. The amended rule requires facilities to seek out and incorporate resident and resident representative input, but removes the reference to resident or family groups, as those groups are not currently permitted to meet. The amendment also sets a standard that, at a minimum, requires review of adverse events and infection control. These changes permit facilities to focus quality assurance efforts on issues that will assist them in managing COVID-19, and will align the state rule with federal waivers related to quality assurance.

Windows in Resident Rooms (WAC 388-97-2400):

Current state nursing home rules require each resident room have a transparent glass window on an exterior wall. Federal rules also require a resident sleeping room to have a window. The federal rules were recently waived to accommodate facilities wanting to increase room capacity, and need to utilize spaces not normally used as a resident room as a resident room. Amendment of WAC 388-97-2400 removes the requirement to have a window in each resident room to align the state rule with the recently waived federal rule. This will provide nursing facilities with additional flexibility in re-designing their space to accommodate additional residents.

# Note: If any category is left blank, it will be calculated as zero. No descriptive text.

#### Count by whole WAC sections only, from the WAC number through the history note. A section may be counted in more than one category.

Title: DSHS Rules Coordinator		Kathame I. Verge				
Name: Katherine I. Vasquez						
Date Adopted: February 3, 2021	:	Signature:				24
Other alternative rule making:	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>3</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
Pilot rule making:	New	—	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
Negotiated rule making:	New	_	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
The number of sections adopted using:						
	INEW	<u>U</u>	Amendeu	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
The number of sections adopted in order to clarify,	strean New		orm agency   Amended	procedu <u>0</u>	i <b>res:</b> Repealed	0
		_		_	·	_
	New		Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
The number of sections adopted on the agency's ov	wn init	iative:				
	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
The number of sections adopted at the request of a	nongo	overnmenta	I entity:			
Recently chacted state statutes.	INCW	<u>v</u>	Amendeu	<u>v</u>	repealed	<u>v</u>
Recently enacted state statutes:	New	—	Amended	<u>3</u> 0	Repealed Repealed	<u>0</u> 0
Federal statute: Federal rules or standards:	New New	_	Amended Amended	<u>0</u> 2	Repealed	<u>0</u>
The number of sections adopted in order to comply		0	المعامية ما م	0	Develo	0

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 08-20-062, filed 9/24/08, effective 11/1/08)

WAC 388-97-1740 Disaster and emergency preparedness. (1) The nursing home must develop and implement detailed written plans and procedures to meet potential emergencies and disasters. At a minimum the nursing home must ensure these plans provide for:

- (a) Fire or smoke;
- (b) Severe weather;
- (c) Loss of power;
- (d) Earthquake;
- (e) Explosion;
- (f) Missing resident, elopement;
- (g) Loss of normal water supply;
- (h) Bomb threats;
- (i) Armed individuals;
- (j) Gas leak, or loss of service; and
- (k) Loss of heat supply.

(2) The nursing home must train all employees in emergency procedures when they begin work in the nursing home, <u>and</u> periodically review emergency procedures with existing staff((, <u>and carry out unan-</u> nounced staff drills using those procedures)).

(3) The nursing home must ensure emergency plans:

(a) Are developed and maintained with the assistance of qualified fire, safety, and other appropriate experts as necessary;

- (b) Are reviewed annually; and
- (c) Include evacuation routes prominently posted on each unit.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 08-20-062, filed 9/24/08, effective 11/1/08)

WAC 388-97-1760 Quality assessment and assurance. (1) The nursing home must maintain a process for quality assessment and assurance. The department may not require disclosure of the records of the quality assessment and assurance committee except in so far as such disclosure is related to ensuring compliance with the requirements of this section.

(2) The nursing home must ensure the quality assessment and assurance process:

(a) Seeks out and incorporates input from the ((resident and family councils, if any, or individual)) residents and ((support groups)) resident representatives; and

(b) <u>At a minimum, r</u>eviews ((expressed concerns and grievances)) adverse events and infection control.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 08-20-062, filed 9/24/08, effective 11/1/08)

WAC 388-97-2400 Resident rooms. (1) The nursing home must ensure that each resident bedroom:

(a) Has direct access to a hall or corridor; and

(b) ((Is located on an exterior wall with a transparent glass window; and

(c)) Is located to prevent through traffic.

(2) In a new building or addition, <u>unless otherwise necessary for</u> <u>infection control</u>, each resident bedroom must:

(a) Have an exterior transparent glass window:

(i) With an area equal to at least one-tenth of the bedroom usable floor area;

(ii) Located twenty-four feet or more from another building or the opposite wall of a court, or ten feet or more away from a property line, except on street sides;

(iii) Located eight feet or more from any exterior walkway, paved surface, or driveway; and

(iv) With a sill three feet or less above the floor.

(b) Be located on a floor level at or above grade level except for earth berms. "Grade" means the level of ground adjacent to the building floor level measured at the required exterior window. The ground must be level or slope downward for a distance of at least ten feet from the wall of the building. From there the ground may slope upward to the maximum sill height of the required window at a rate of one foot vertical for two feet horizontal.